Identity:					-			
Soldering Paste BS-10, -15, BS-CAN								
Section 1 - Company Info	rmation							
Manufacturer's Name:								
TAIYO ELECTRIC IND. CO.,LTD.			Tolophor	o Number / E	Eay Number for Informa	tion:		
Address: 2-16-8 Yamate Fukuyama Hiroshima Prefecture				Telephone Number / Fax Number for Information: Tel: 81-(84)-951-1512 Fax: 81-(84)-951-9531				
2 TO O TAINAGET UKAYAMA TIROOMINA TIOOOGA			_	Data Prepared:				
Japan 720-0092			28 Ma	rch 2003				
Section 2 - Hazardous Ing	redients/Identity	Infori	mation					
Hazardous Component	CAS No			A PEL	ACGIH TLV	%		
Zinc Chloride	7476-85-	35-7 1mg/m <sup>3</sup>		m³	8hr TWA 1mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4~6		
Ammonium Chloride	12125-02	-		1 <sup>3</sup>	8hr TWA 10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	3 1~3		
Vaseline	8009-03-			1 <sup>3</sup>	-	80~90		
Paraffin	8002-74	8002-74-2 1mg/m <sup>3</sup>		n³	8hr TWA 2mg/m <sup>3</sup>	6~9		
Water	-	-			-	2~4		
Section 3 - Physical/Chemic	cal Characterist	ics						
Boiling Point	NA	S		avity	0.88 (80 )			
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	NA I		Melting Poi	, ,	NA			
				ALLOYS				
Vapor Density (AIR=1)	NA			n Rate ate=1)	NA			
Solubility in Water:								
	Water Inso	luble						
Appearance and Odor:								
	Odorless W	/hite P	aste					
Section 4 - Fire and Explo	sion Hazard D	oto						
Flash Point:	Sion Hazard Da		able Limits	:	LEL	LEL		
199 Over					NA	NA		
Extinguishing Media: Use appropriate extinguishing foam extinguishant.	ng media for suri	ounding	g fire. Use	water spray	to cool and Carbon die	oxide, dry, sand,		
Special Fire Fighting Procedure Use self-contained breathing Immediately remove the contained	apparatus and fu		ective clothi	ng for fires ir	n enclosed areas.			
•	1							
Section 5 - Reactivity Data								
Stability:	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid:					
	Stable )		Keep av	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames.				
Incompatibility:			I.					
It contains strong acid and carbonates and other alkaline		active v	vith materia	ıls such as n	netals, metal oxides, hy	droxides, amines,		
Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Condition	nditions to Avoid:				
	Will Not Occur							

Route of Entry: Inhalation Skin Ingestion

Health Hazards:

Inhalation of dust or fumes may be irritating to the nose, throat, and lungs.

Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin may cause irritation, while contact with the eyes may caused irritation or burns. Ingestion causes irritation of the mouth and gastrointestinal

tract.

Acute toxity: Human : Lethal dose: 6000mg

 $TCL_0$  : 4800mg/ m<sup>3</sup> (30 min.)

Rat (oral)  $LD_{50}$  : 350mg/kg Guinea pig (oral) :  $LD_{50}$  : 200mg/kg

Sub-chronic toxity : Ingestion may cause vomiting, blood in stool, albumin.

Mutagenic effects : From a study in mice, chromosome aberration of the marrow cells will increase by both

acute and chronic feeding.

Teratogenic effects: Study giving chloride zinc to pregnant rats, physique disorder and malform occurred.

8 day-pregnant : Chloride zinc 20.5mg/kg, Physique disorder (rate : 76.4%) 11day-pregnant : Chloride zinc 25.0mg/kg, Physique malform (rate : 76.8%)

Corrosive properties: Remaining on a skin may result in tumors.

Irritative properties : Strong irritation to skin and eyes.

If enters eyes, loss of eyesight may result.

Carcinogenicity: Not listed NTP IARC Monographs OHSA Regulated

A study in hamster: 2 out of 48 hamsters had cancer, but not proven as a carcinogenic substances under

RTECS.

Carcinogency is very low from a study in rooster, but testicle tumor was found after

injecting to testicle for several months when the generative gland is active.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure:

Mild irritation of the eyes, nose, and throat.

Medical Conditions:

Generally aggravated by exposure.

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Eye:

Flush thoroughly with running water including under eyelids for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

Skin:

Promptly remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed skin thoroughly with soap and hot water. Get medical attention if rash persists.

Ingestion:

Give 2-3 glasses of milk or water to drink to dilute. Seek medical help for treatment, observation and support after first aid.

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Keep the person warm and calm.

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Release or Spilled:

Notify safety personnel. Provide ventilation. This material should be handled and disposed as a strong acid.

For large spills: absorb spill with cloth.

For small spills: absorb spill with sand and remove.

Waste Disposal Method:

Contact supplier or a licensed chemical waste disposal contractor for treatment, packaging, and disposal requirements.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing:

Storing: Store in a clean, cool dry and well-ventilated area away from sparks, open flames, and oxidizing agents. Keep locked up.

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes or skin. Wear protection gloves, glasses and respirator. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Sufficiently wash hands and gargle, then change clothes after work. Keep flames away from work area.

Container: Keep the container closed. Check that there are no breaks, cracks or corrosion. Do not drop, turn upside down or give a shock to a container. Keep the plug facing upward. Collect the empty containers in one place.

Other Precautions :

NA

## Section 8 - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection:

Self-contained breathing apparatus should be available for emergency. Wear filter respirator.

Ventilation:	Local Exhaust: Remove smoke from	Special: Not required		
	Mechanical: NA	Other: NA		
Protective Gloves:		Eye Protection:		
Use plastic or rubber gloves and aprons where		Safety glasses or goggles should be worn in		
necessary to avoid skin contact.		areas where splashing may occur.		

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment:

Provide eye bath near work site and sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below TLV's. Wear face shield and boots.

Work/Hygienic Practices:

None

## Section 9 - Ecological Information

Bioaccumulation:

None or slight

Ecological toxity:

Fish toxity: Study in goldfish

Chloride zinc :  $LC_0 = 9.6 \text{ (mg/l)}$ 

 $LC_{50} = 21 \text{ (mg/l)}$  $LC_{100} = 24 \text{ (mg/)}$ 

## Section 10 - Other Information

The information herein is given in good faith, but not a warranty. Final determination of suitability any of material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

